

Official EU Policies & Programmes

EU Energy Poverty Portal

An overview of causes, trends, and EU-wide measures, from energy efficiency, funding, to legal frameworks



Energy Poverty Advisory Hub (EPAH)

A practical support initiative offering tools, case studies, technical assistance, and an interactive project database for local/regional authorities combating energy poverty.



EU Energy targets by 2030

- At least 42.5% cuts in greenhouse gas emissions
- Reducing final energy consumption by at least 11.7%
- At least 40% renewable energy sources in the EU's overall energy mix by 2030.



We can all help tackle energy poverty by completing the energy poverty questionnaire, which supports data collection for effective solutions



Energy Poverty Survey, Albania



Energy Poverty Survey, Kosovo



Co-funded by the European Union



POWERING CITIZENS

PROJECT

Join us to ensure no one is left behind.

WHAT WE DO

- Support local energy initiatives & citizen energy communities
- Advocate for fair policies & inclusive energy access
- Provide resources & tools for sustainable energy solutions
- Build a network of engaged citizens & stakeholders

GET INVOLVED

- Join workshops & community events
- Connect with organisations across Europe
- Explore our resources
- Stay informed and take action

Help create a more resilient and just energy system. Visit <https://poweringcitizens.eu/news/> to learn more and get involved!



Save energy at home Reduce Energy Poverty

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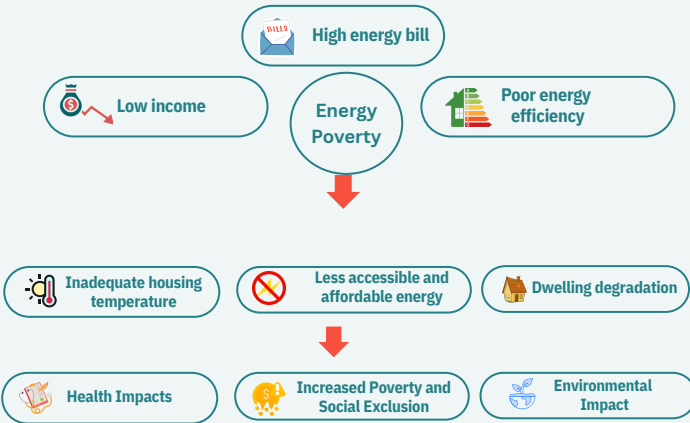


balkan
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foundation



What is Energy Poverty

Energy poverty can be defined as a situation where a household or an individual is unable to afford basic energy services (heating, cooling, lighting, mobility and power) to guarantee a decent standard of living due to a combination of low income, high energy expenditure and low energy efficiency of their homes.



Who is affected?

- Low-income and large households
- Socially isolated people (infrequent family contact) or people living alone
- Near-elderly or older people
- Single parent families



How can we Save Energy



Unplug unused devices, standby mode still uses electricity.

Properly sealed windows cut heat loss by 15%

LED lighting uses up to 8 times less energy and lasts 10 times longer than incandescent bulbs.

Set your fridge to 5-6°C and freezer to -18°C for best efficiency and performance.

Keep fridges and freezers away from heat sources and sunlight

Choose appliances with a high energy class, they use less electricity and lower your long-term costs.



Solar water heaters can cut water heating bills by 50-80%.

Wash at lower temperatures and run full loads, save energy, water, and money.

Hang-drying laundry is most energy-efficient, dryers use far more energy than washing machines.



Household energy-saving tips



Company energy-saving tips



Municipal energy-saving tips



Join Energy Cafés and Energy Dialogue



- Share Practical Knowledge
- Build Trust with Experts and Authorities
- Surface Real, Local Needs
- Encourage Collective Action
- Share tips, experiences, and local solutions

Educate and raise awareness



- Share knowledge about energy poverty in your community, workplace, or school.
- Organize workshops, info sessions, or local campaigns to educate others on energy-saving practices and available support.

Take Part in Surveys



- Help design and fill out a short questionnaire so we know who needs help most.
- Show the real problems people face with heating, electricity, and energy bills

Fighting Energy Poverty in Europe What's Being Done

Clean Energy for All Europeans

- Put energy efficiency first
- Provide a fair deal for consumers
- Boosting Renewables